



DIGEST OF HB 1646 (Updated February 17, 2005 4:23 pm - DI 97)

Citations Affected: IC 23-2; IC 27-8; noncode.

**Synopsis:** Viatical settlements. Removes a viatical settlement contract or an interest in a viatical settlement contract that is entered into before March 17, 2000, from the definition of "security" for purposes of the law regulating securities. Removes a provision specifying that the insured has a catastrophic or life threatening condition for purposes of regulation of a viatical settlement. Prohibits certain actions related to viatical settlement contracts. Requires a viatical settlement broker, a viatical settlement agent, and a viatical representative to obtain a viatical settlement intermediary license. Specifies requirements for a viatical settlement intermediary license.

Effective: Upon passage.

## Ripley, Fry

January 19, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance. February 8, 2005, amended, reported — Do Pass. February 17, 2005, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.









First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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### **HOUSE BILL No. 1646**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 23-2-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter
unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Commissioner" means the securities commissioner provided for in section 15(a) of this chapter.
- (b) "Agent" means an individual, other than a broker-dealer, who represents a broker-dealer or issuer in effecting or attempting to effect purchases or sales of securities. A partner, officer, or director of a broker-dealer or issuer or a person occupying a similar status or performing similar functions is an agent only if the person effects or attempts to effect a purchase or sale of securities in Indiana. "Agent" does not include an individual who represents an issuer in:
  - (1) effecting transactions in a security exempted by section 2(a)(1), 2(a)(2), 2(a)(3), 2(a)(6), 2(a)(7), or 2(a)(10) of this chapter;
  - (2) effecting transactions exempted by section 2(b) of this chapter;

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1	(3) effecting transactions with existing employees, partners, or
2	directors of the issuer, if no commission or other remuneration is
3	paid or given directly or indirectly for soliciting a person in
4	Indiana; or
5	(4) effecting transactions in Indiana limited to those transactions
6	described in Section 15(h)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of
7	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o).
8	(c) "Broker-dealer" means a person engaged in the business of
9	effecting offers, sales, or purchases of securities for the account of
10	others or for the person's own account. "Broker-dealer" does not
11	include:
12	(1) an agent;
13	(2) an issuer with respect to the offer or sale of the issuer's own
14	securities;
15	(3) a bank, savings institution, or trust company; or
16	(4) a person who has no place of business in Indiana if the person
17	effects transactions in Indiana exclusively with:
18	(i) the issuers of the securities involved in the transactions;
19	(ii) other broker-dealers; or
20	(iii) banks, savings institutions, trust companies, insurance
21	companies, investment companies (as defined in the
22	Investment Company Act of 1940, as in effect on December
23	31, 1990), pension or profit-sharing trusts, or other financial
24	institutions or institutional buyers, whether acting for
25	themselves or as trustees, whether or not the offeror or any of
26	the offerees is then present in Indiana.
27	(d) "Fraud", "fraudulent", "deceit", and "defraud" mean a
28	misrepresentation of a material fact, a promise or representation or
29	prediction not made honestly or in good faith, or the failure to disclose
30	a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the
31	light of the circumstances under which they were made, not
32	misleading. This definition does not limit or diminish the full meaning
33	of those terms as applied by or defined in courts of law or equity. These
34	terms are not limited to common law deceit.
35	(e) "Guaranteed" means guaranteed as to payment of principal,
36	interest, or dividends.
37	(f) "Issuer" means a person who issues or proposes to issue a
38	security, except that with respect to certificates of deposit, voting-trust
39	certificates, or collateral-trust certificates, or with respect to certificates
40	of interest or shares in an unincorporated investment trust not having
41	a board of directors or person performing similar functions or of the

fixed, restricted management, or unit type. The term "issuer" means the



1	person or persons performing the acts and assuming the duties of
2	depository or manager pursuant to the provisions of the trust or other
3	agreement or instrument under which the security is issued.
4	(g) "Nonissuer" means not directly or indirectly for the benefit of the
5	issuer.
6	(h) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability
7	company, a partnership, an association, a joint-stock company, a trust
8	where the interests of the beneficiaries are evidenced by a security, an
9	unincorporated organization, a government, or a political subdivision
10	of a government.
11	(i)(1) "Sale" or "sell" means a contract of sale of, contract to sell, or
12	disposition of, a security, or interest in a security for value.
13	(2) "Offer" or "offer to sell" means an attempt or offer to dispose of,
14	or solicitation of an offer to purchase, a security, or interest in a
15	security for value.
16	(3) "Transaction" and "transactions" include the meanings of "sale",
17	"sell", "offer", "offer to sell", and "purchase".
18	(4) "Purchase" means an acquisition, direct or indirect, of a security
19	or an interest in a security for value.
20	(5) A security given or delivered with, or as a bonus on account of,
21	a purchase of securities or any other thing is considered to constitute
22	part of the subject of the purchase and to have been offered and sold for
23	value.
24	(6) A purported gift of assessable stock is considered to involve an
25	offer and sale.
26	(7) A sale or offer of a warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to
27	another security of the same or another issuer, as well as a sale or offer
28	of a security that gives the holder a present or future right or privilege
29	to convert into another security of the same or another issuer, is
30	considered to include an offer of the other security.
31	(8) The terms defined in this subsection do not include:
32	(i) a bona fide secured transaction in or loan of outstanding
33	securities;
34	(ii) a stock dividend, whether the corporation distributing the
35	dividend is the issuer of the stock or not, if nothing of value is
36	given by the stockholders for the dividend other than the
37	surrender of a right to a cash or property dividend when each
38	stockholder may elect to take the dividend in cash or property or
39	in stock; or
40	(iii) an act incident to a judicially approved reorganization in

which a security is issued in exchange for one (1) or more

outstanding securities, claims, or property interests, or partly in



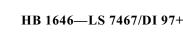
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such exchange and partly for cash.

(j) "Securities Act of 1933", "Securities Exchange Act of 1934", "Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935", and "Investment Company Act of 1940" mean the federal statutes of those names, as in effect on December 31, 1990.

(k) "Security" means a note, stock, treasury stock, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, an interest in a limited liability company or limited liability partnership and any class or series of an interest in a limited liability company or limited liability partnership (including any fractional or other interest in an interest in a limited liability company or limited liability partnership), certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement, commodity futures contract, option, put, call, privilege, or other right to purchase or sell a commodity futures contract, margin accounts for the purchase of commodities or commodity futures contracts, collateral-trust certificate, preorganization certificate or subscription, transferable share, investment contract, viatical settlement contract entered into after March 16, 2000, any fractional or pooled interest in a viatical settlement contract entered into after March 16, 2000, voting-trust certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, certificate of interest or participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in payments out of production under the title or lease, an automatic extension or rollover of an existing security, or, in general, an interest or instrument commonly known as a "security", or a certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for, receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant, option, or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing. "Security" does not include:

(1) an insurance or endowment policy or annuity contract under which an insurance company promises to pay money either in a lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period; (2) a contract or trust agreement under which money is paid pursuant to a charitable remainder annuity trust or a charitable remainder unitrust (described in Section 664 of the Internal Revenue Code), or a pooled income fund (described in Section 642(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code) or an annuity contract under which the purchaser receives a charitable contribution deduction under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code; or (3) an interest in a limited liability company or limited liability partnership if the person claiming that the interest is not a security can prove that all of the members of the limited liability company or limited liability partnership are actively engaged in the management of the limited liability company or limited liability











1	partnership; or
2	(4) a viatical settlement contract or a fraction or pooled
3	interest in a viatical settlement contract:
4	(A) entered into before March 17, 2000; and
5	(B) subject to IC 27-8-19.8.
6	(1) "State" means a state, territory, or possession of the United
7	States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.
8	(m) Corporations are "affiliated" during a period of time when either
9	is the owner of shares of the other representing and possessing fifty
10	percent (50%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes
11	of stock issued by the other corporation and then outstanding and
12	entitled to vote.
13	(n) "Investment adviser" means a person who holds himself out to
14	be an investment adviser, or who, for compensation, engages in the
15	business of advising others, either directly or through publications or
16	writings, as to the value of securities or as to the advisability of
17	investing in, purchasing, or selling securities, or who, for compensation
18	and as a part of a regular business, issues and promulgates analyses or
19	reports concerning securities. "Investment adviser" does not include
20	any of the following:
21	(1) A bank, savings institution, or trust company.
22	(2) A lawyer, an accountant, an engineer, or a teacher whose
23	performance of these services is solely incidental to the practice
24	of the person's profession.
25	(3) A broker-dealer or its agent whose performance of these
26	services is solely incidental to the conduct of the broker-dealer's
27	business as a broker-dealer and who receives no special
28	compensation for them.
29	(4) A publisher of a bona fide newspaper, news column,
30	newsletter, news magazine, or business or financial publication or
31	service, by whatever means communicated, that does not render
32	advice on the specific investment situation of individual clients.
33	(5) An investment adviser representative.
34	(6) A person who is an investment adviser to an investment
35	company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940
36	(15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.).
37	(7) A person who is registered as an investment adviser under
38	Section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
39	80b-3).
40	(8) A person who is excluded from the definition of investment
41	adviser under Section 202(a)(11) of the Investment Advisers Act
42	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-2).



1	(9) Other persons the commissioner may by rule or order	
2	designate.	
3	(o) "Transferable share" means a security representing an equity	
4	interest in a corporation or business trust, but does not include the	
5	shares of open-end investment companies (as defined by the	
6	Investment Company Act of 1940, as in effect on December 31, 1990).	
7	(p) A "qualified transfer agent" means:	
8	(1) a bank whose deposits are insured by the Bank Insurance Fund	
9	of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or	
10	(2) a person, independent of the issuer, approved by the	4
11	commissioner by regulation or by individual order in specific	
12	cases.	`
13	(q) "Investment adviser representative" means a person, except a	
14	person in a clerical or ministerial position:	
15	(1) who is employed by or associated with an investment adviser	
16	registered under this chapter; or	
17	(2) who has a place of business located in Indiana and is	
18	employed by or associated with a person required to be registered	
19	as an investment adviser under Section 203 of the Investment	
20	Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-3); and	
21	(3) who:	
22	(A) makes recommendations or otherwise renders advice	
23	regarding securities;	
24	(B) manages accounts or portfolios of clients;	_
25	(C) determines recommendations or advice that should be	
26	given regarding securities;	
27	(D) solicits, offers, or negotiates the sale of or sells investment	
28	advisory services; or	\
29	(E) supervises employees who perform a duty described in this	
30	subsection.	
31	(r) "Accredited investor" means a person who is within any of the	
32	following categories, or who the issuer reasonably believes is within	
33	any of the following categories, at the time of the sale of securities to	
34	the person:	
35	(1) A person who meets the definition of "accredited investor" (as	
36	defined under the Securities Act of 1933 in 17 CFR 230.215), and	
37	in any other rule or regulation modifying the definition adopted	
38	by the Securities and Exchange Commission as in effect on	
39	December 31, 1990.	
40	(2) A person to whom an offer or sale may be made without	
41	registration pursuant to section $2(b)(8)$ or $2(b)(9)$ of this chapter.	
12	(2) Any other person the commissioner may design at a by rule or	



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1	order.
2	(s) "Federal covered security" refers to a security described as a
3	covered security in Section 18(b) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15
4	U.S.C. 77r).
5	(t) "Viatical settlement contract" means an agreement for the
6	purchase, sale, assignment, transfer, devise, or bequest of a portion of
7	a death benefit or ownership of a life insurance policy or contract for
8	consideration that is less than the expected death benefit of the life
9	insurance policy or contract. The term does not include the following:
10	(1) A loan by an insurer under the terms of a life insurance policy,
11	including a loan secured by the cash value of a policy.
12	(2) An agreement with a bank, savings bank, savings and loan
13	association, credit union, or other licensed lending institution that
14	takes an assignment of a life insurance policy as collateral for a
15	loan.
16	(3) The provision of accelerated death benefits by an insurer to an
17	insured under the provisions of a life insurance contract.
18	(4) Agreements between an insurer and a reinsurer.
19	(5) An agreement by a person who enters into not more than one
20	(1) such agreement in any five (5) year period to purchase a life
21	insurance policy or contract for the transfer of a life insurance
22	policy for a value that is less than the expected death benefit.
23	SECTION 2. IC 23-2-1-17.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17.1. (a) Whenever
25	it appears to the commissioner that a person has engaged in or is about
26	to engage in an act or practice constituting a violation of this chapter
27	or a rule or order under this chapter, the commissioner may investigate
28	and may issue, with or without a prior hearing, orders and notices as
29	the commissioner determines to be in the public interest, including
30	cease and desist orders, orders to show cause, and notices. After notice
31	and hearing, the commissioner may enter an order of rescission,
32	restitution, or disgorgement, including interest at the rate of eight
33	percent (8%) per year, directed to a person who has violated this
34 35	chapter or a rule or order under this chapter and who does not sustain
36	the burden of proof that the person did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the violation.
37	In addition to all other remedies, the commissioner may bring an action
38	in the name and on behalf of the state against the person and any other
50	in the name and on behan of the state against the person and any other

person participating in or about to participate in a violation of this

chapter, to enjoin the person from continuing or doing an act furthering

a violation of this chapter and may obtain the appointment of a receiver or conservator. Upon a proper showing by the commissioner, the court



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shall enter an order of the commissioner directing rescission, restitution, or disgorgement to a person who has violated this chapter or a rule or order under this chapter and who does not sustain the burden of proof that the person did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the violation. In a court proceeding, the commissioner may apply for and on due showing be entitled to have issued the court's subpoena requiring the appearance of a defendant and the defendant's employees or agents and the production of documents, books, and records as may appear necessary for the hearing of the petition, to testify and give evidence concerning the acts or conduct or things complained of in the action. In the action, the circuit or superior courts shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter. The court may not require the commissioner to post a bond.

- (b) Upon the issuance of an order or notice by the commissioner under subsection (a), the commissioner shall promptly notify the respondent that it has been issued and the reasons it has been issued and that upon the receipt of a written request the matter will be set down for a hearing to commence within forty-five (45) business days after receipt of the request unless the respondent consents to a later date. If no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the commissioner, the order will remain in effect until it is modified or vacated by the commissioner. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the commissioner, after notice of an opportunity for hearing may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.
- (c) In a proceeding in a circuit or superior court under this section, the commissioner shall be entitled to recover all costs and expenses of investigation to which the commissioner would be entitled in an administrative proceeding under section 16(d) of this chapter, and the court shall include the costs in its final judgment.
- (d) The commissioner shall notify the insurance commissioner when an administrative action or civil proceeding is filed under this section. SECTION 3. IC 27-8-19.8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "applicant" refers to an applicant a person that is a:
  - (1) viatical settlement intermediary that applies for a viatical settlement intermediary license; or
  - (2) viatical settlement provider that applies for a viatical settlement provider license;

under this chapter.

SECTION 4. IC 27-8-19.8-1.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 1.7.** As used in this chapter,









1	"commissioner" refers to the insurance commissioner appointed	
2	under IC 27-1-1-2.	
3	SECTION 5. IC 27-8-19.8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. As used in this	
5	chapter, "insured" refers to an individual who has a catastrophic or life	
6	threatening illness or condition. whose life is the subject of insurance	
7	under a life insurance policy or certificate.	
8	SECTION 6. IC 27-8-19.8-4.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
9	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
10	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.1. As used in this chapter,	
11	"viatical representative" means a person that offers or sells a	
12	viatical settlement purchase agreement.	
13	SECTION 7. IC 27-8-19.8-4.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.3. As used in this	
15	chapter, "viatical settlement agent" means a person that:	
16	(1) represents a viatical settlement provider; and	
17	(2) solicits, offers, or attempts to negotiate a viatical settlement	U
18	contract with a viator.	
19	SECTION 8. IC 27-8-19.8-4.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
20	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
21	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4.7. As used in this chapter,	
22	"viatical settlement intermediary" means the following:	
23	(1) A viatical settlement agent.	
24	(2) A viatical settlement broker.	
25	(3) A viatical representative.	
26	SECTION 9. IC 27-8-19.8-6.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
27	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	M
28	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6.3. As used in this chapter,	V
29	"viatical settlement purchase agreement" means an agreement	
30	through which a person other than a viatical settlement provider	
31	purchases or is assigned an interest in a:	
32	(1) viaticated policy; or	
33	(2) viatical settlement contract.	
34	SECTION 10. IC 27-8-19.8-8.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.5. In addition to	
36	the licensure requirement specified in section 9(1) of this chapter,	
37	the following must be licensed as an insurance producer with a life	
38	qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7:	
39	(1) A viatical settlement broker.	
40	(2) A person who solicits, offers, or attempts to negotiate a	
41	viatical settlement <del>contract with a viator.</del> agent.	
12	SECTION 11. IC 27-8-19.8-8.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	



1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 8.6. The following
2	are exempt from the licensing requirement under IC 27-8-19.8-8.5:
3	requirements of sections 8.5 and 9(1) of this chapter:
4	(1) An accountant, an attorney, or a financial planner retained to
5	represent the viator, and whose compensation is paid directly by
6	or at the direction of the viator.
7	(2) A regularly salaried officer or employee of a viatical
8	settlement broker or viatical settlement provider, if the officer or
9	employee's duties and responsibilities do not include the
10	solicitation or negotiation of viatical settlement contracts.
11	(3) The following persons, to the extent that the person is engaged
12	in the administration or operation of a program of employee
13	benefits for the person's employees or the employees of the
14	person's subsidiaries or affiliates involving the use of viatical
15	settlement contracts issued by a licensed viatical settlement
16	provider, if the person is not in any manner directly or indirectly
17	compensated by the viatical settlement provider:
18	(A) An employer.
19	(B) An officer or employee of an employer.
20	(C) A trustee of an employee trust plan.
21	SECTION 12. IC 27-8-19.8-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. After December
23	31, 1998, A person may not act as a:
24	(1) viatical settlement intermediary unless the person holds an
25	unexpired viatical settlement intermediary license; or
26	(2) viatical settlement provider unless the person holds an
27	unexpired viatical settlement provider license;
28	issued under this chapter.
29	SECTION 13. IC 27-8-19.8-9.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
30	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9.2. An insurance producer
32	that:
33	(1) is licensed under IC 27-1-15.6; and
34	(2) sells a life insurance policy or contract that, less than two
35	(2) years after the insurance producer sells the policy or
36	contract, is the subject of a viatical settlement contract;
37	shall not accept a commission or other remuneration in connection
38	with the viatical settlement contract.
39	SECTION 14. IC 27-8-19.8-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) An
41	applicant must do the following to obtain a license as a viatical
42	settlement provider: under this chapter:



1	(1) Apply for the license on forms prescribed by the department.
2	(2) Provide information required by the department.
3	(3) Pay the license fee.
4	(b) The An application for a viatical settlement provider license
5	must include the name of each officer, member, or employee of the
6	viatical settlement provider applicant who will be authorized by the
7	viatical settlement provider applicant to act as a viatical settlement
8	provider under the license if issued to the viatical settlement provider
9	applicant.
10	(c) The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to set the
11	viatical settlement provider licensing fee required by this section.
12	SECTION 15. IC 27-8-19.8-10.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
13	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10.1. (a) The commissioner
15	shall, not later than December 31, 2005, designate a viatical
16	settlement intermediary examination for use in licensing of a
17	viatical settlement intermediary under this chapter. Part of the
18	examination must cover life insurance aspects of viatical
19	settlements.
20	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a viatical settlement
21	intermediary must pass the viatical settlement intermediary
22	examination designated under subsection (a) with a score of at least
23	seventy percent (70%) as a condition of licensure as a viatical
24	settlement intermediary under this chapter.
25	(c) A viatical settlement intermediary who:
26	(1) holds an insurance producer license with a life
27	qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7 for more than one (1) year;
28	and
29	(2) is in good standing with the department;
30	is exempt from the life insurance part of the viatical settlement
31	intermediary examination designated under subsection (a).
32	(d) A viatical settlement intermediary who passes a viatical
33	settlement intermediary examination that is:
34	(1) designated by the state department of insurance of another
35	state; and
36	(2) determined by the commissioner to be substantially
37	similar to the viatical settlement intermediary examination
38	designated under subsection (a);
39	with a score of at least seventy percent (70%) has satisfied the
40	requirement of subsection (b).
41	SECTION 16. IC 27-8-19.8-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
42	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. The department



1	shall investigate an applicant and issue a license to the applicant if the
2	department finds all of the following:
3	(1) The applicant is competent and trustworthy and intends to act
4	in good faith as a viatical settlement provider or viatical
5	settlement intermediary.
6	(2) The applicant has a good business reputation.
7	(3) The applicant has had the experience, training, or education
8	to qualify the applicant as a viatical settlement provider or
9	viatical settlement intermediary.
10	(4) If the applicant is a corporation, or limited liability
11	corporation, it is either:
12	(A) incorporated under Indiana law; or
13	(B) authorized to do business in Indiana.
14	SECTION 17. IC 27-8-19.8-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. (a) Except as
16	provided in subsection (b), a viatical settlement intermediary who
17	is not a resident of Indiana may receive a nonresident viatical
18	settlement intermediary license under this chapter if the viatical
19	settlement intermediary:
20	(1) is licensed as a resident and in good standing in the viatical
21	settlement intermediary's home state, as determined by the
22	commissioner; (2) has submitted to the department on application for
23	(2) has submitted to the department an application for
24 25	licensure; and (3) has complied with this chapter.
26	(b) The department may not issue a license to an applicant who is
27	not an Indiana resident unless the applicant does either of the
28	following:
29	(1) Files and maintains with the department a written designation
30	of an agent for service of process.
31	(2) Files with the department the applicant's written irrevocable
32	consent that any action against the applicant may be begun
33	against the applicant by the service of process on the department.
34	SECTION 18. IC 27-8-19.8-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. A viatical
36	settlement provider license issued under this chapter authorizes all
37	officers, members, and employees of the license holder designated
38	under section 10(b) of this chapter to act as viatical settlement
39	providers under the viatical settlement provider license.
40	SECTION 19. IC 27-8-19.8-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) A viatical

settlement provider license issued or renewed under this chapter



1	expires on July 1 after its issuance or renewal.
2	(b) A viatical settlement provider may renew a viatical settlement
3	provider license by:
4	(1) applying for renewal on forms prescribed by the department;
5	and
6	(2) paying the renewal fee.
7	(c) The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do the
8	following:
9	(1) Set the renewal fee required by this section.
10	(2) Set a date before July 1 and before which receipt of a viatical
11	settlement provider license renewal application can be
12	processed without a lapse in the viatical settlement provider
13	license.
14	(d) A viatical settlement provider that submits an application for
15	renewal after the date set under subsection (c)(2):
16	(1) is not entitled to have the viatical settlement provider license
17	renewed before July 1; and
18	(2) may not act as a viatical settlement provider until the
19	department issues the viatical settlement provider license
20	renewal, if the department is unable to process the renewal before
21	July 1.
22	SECTION 20. IC 27-8-19.8-15.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
23	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15.1. (a) A viatical settlement
25	intermediary license must be renewed on July 1 of the fourth year
26	after the license is issued or renewed.
27	(b) A viatical settlement intermediary may renew a viatical
28	settlement intermediary license by:
29	(1) applying for renewal on forms prescribed by the
30	department;
31	(2) paying the renewal fee of twenty dollars (\$20); and
32	(3) completing, before applying for renewal under subdivision
33	(1), at least ten (10) hours of credit in continuing education
34	courses approved under subsection (e), including at least:
35	(A) seven (7) hours of life insurance;
36	(B) two (2) hours of viatical settlement; and
37	(C) one (1) hour of ethics;
38	credit in continuing education courses.
39	(c) The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to set a
40	date before July 1 and before which receipt of a viatical settlement
41	intermediary license renewal application can be processed without
42	a lapse in the viatical settlement intermediary license.



1	(d) A viatical settlement intermediary that submits an
2	application for renewal after the date set under subsection (c):
3	(1) is not entitled to have the viatical settlement intermediary
4	license renewed before July 1; and
5	(2) may not act as a viatical settlement intermediary until the
6	department issues the viatical settlement intermediary license
7	renewal, if the department is unable to process the renewal
8	before July 1.
9	(e) The commissioner shall, not later than December 31, 2005,
10	approve continuing education courses for a viatical settlement
11	intermediary license renewal.
12	(f) Continuing education courses described in subsection (b)(3)
13	and approved under IC 27-1-15.7 for renewal of an insurance
14	producer license may also be applied to the requirement for
15	renewal of a viatical settlement intermediary license set forth in
16	subsection (b)(3).
17	(g) A viatical settlement intermediary that submits an
18	application for renewal before the date set under subsection (c)
19	may request, and the commissioner may grant, an extension of time
20	in which to attain compliance with the continuing education
21	requirement set forth in subsection (b)(3).
22	(h) A viatical settlement intermediary license remains in effect
23	after the viatical settlement intermediary files a request under
24	subsection (g) until the commissioner makes a decision concerning
25	the request.
26	(i) If the commissioner denies a viatical settlement
27	intermediary's request made under subsection (g), the viatical
28	settlement intermediary must complete the continuing education
29	requirements set forth in subsection (b)(3) within ninety (90) days
30	after the commissioner notifies the viatical settlement intermediary
31	of the denial.
32	SECTION 21. IC 27-8-19.8-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. The department
34	may at any time require a viatical settlement provider or an applicant
35	for a <b>viatical settlement provider</b> license to disclose fully the identity
36	of all of the viatical settlement provider's or applicant's officers,
37	employees, partners, and stockholders.
38	SECTION 22. IC 27-8-19.8-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) When the
40	department reasonably considers it necessary for the protection of the
41	public, the department may examine the business and other affairs of

a viatical settlement provider or an a viatical settlement provider



1	applicant.
2	(b) The department may order a viatical settlement provider or <del>an</del>
3	a viatical settlement provider applicant to produce records, books,
4	files, or other information reasonably necessary to ascertain whether
5	the viatical settlement provider or the viatical settlement provider
6	applicant has violated or is violating the law or otherwise has acted or
7	is acting contrary to the public interest.
8	(c) The viatical settlement provider or <b>viatical settlement provider</b>
9	applicant shall pay the expenses of an examination conducted under
10	this section.
11	SECTION 23. IC 27-8-19.8-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. After a hearing
13	under IC 4-21.5, the department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to
14	renew a viatical settlement provider's or viatical settlement
15	intermediary's license, or impose a civil penalty, or both, if the
16	department finds any of the following:
17	(1) There was a misrepresentation in the application for the
18	license.
19	(2) The:
20	(A) viatical settlement intermediary is untrustworthy or
21	incompetent to act in the viatical settlement intermediary's
22	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement
22 23	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or
23 24	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or
23 24 25	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.
23 24 25 26	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of
23 24 25 26 27	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.
23 24 25 26	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure.  (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure.  (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the contractual obligations of a viatical settlement contract.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure.  (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the contractual obligations of a viatical settlement contract.  (7) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure.  (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the contractual obligations of a viatical settlement contract.  (7) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has violated this chapter.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure.  (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the contractual obligations of a viatical settlement contract.  (7) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative; or  (B) viatical settlement provider is untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a viatical settlement provider.  (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators.  (4) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has been convicted of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, an offense the definition of which includes fraudulent acts as an element of the offense regardless of whether a judgement has been entered by the court.  (5) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure.  (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor the contractual obligations of a viatical settlement contract.  (7) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement intermediary has violated this chapter.



1	viatical settlement contract:	
2	(1) If the viator is the insured, a written statement from a licensed	
3	attending physician that the insured is of sound mind and under	
4	no constraint or undue influence.	
5	(2) A document signed by the viator and witnessed by two (2)	
6	disinterested witnesses in which the viator does the following:	
7	(A) Consents to the viatical settlement contract.	
8	(B) If the insured has a catastrophic or life threatening	
9	illness or condition, acknowledges the catastrophic or life	
10	threatening illness or condition.	
11	(C) Represents that the viator has a full and complete	
12	understanding of the viatical settlement contract.	
13	(D) Represents that the viator has a full and complete	
14	understanding of the benefits of the life insurance policy.	
15	(E) Acknowledges that the viator has entered into the viatical	
16	settlement contract freely and voluntarily.	
17	(F) Discloses the identity of any person that served as a	
18	viatical settlement broker in connection with the viatical	
19	settlement contract.	
20	(3) A document in which the insured consents to the release of the	
21	insured's medical records.	
22	SECTION 25. IC 27-8-19.8-24.9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 24.9. (a) The	
24	viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker intermediary	_
25	may contact the insured for the purpose of determining the health status	
26	of the insured not more than:	
27	(1) one (1) time every three (3) months for an insured with a life	
28	expectancy of more than one (1) year; or	v
29	(2) one (1) time every month for an insured with a life expectancy	
30	of not more than one (1) year.	
31	(b) Contacts made with an insured under subsection (a) must be	
32	made by mail unless the parties agree to another method of contact.	
33	SECTION 26. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) A viatical	
34	settlement intermediary shall comply with IC 27-8-19.8-9(1), as	
35	amended by this act, and IC 27-8-19.8-10.1, as added by this act,	
36	not later than December 31, 2006.	
37	(b) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.	



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Insurance, to which was referred House Bill 1646, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 11, line 5, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 11, line 6, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 11, delete lines 15 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 6. IC 27-8-19.8-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "insured" refers to an individual who has a catastrophic or life threatening illness or condition. whose life is the subject of insurance under a life insurance policy or certificate.

SECTION 7. IC 27-8-19.8-4.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4.1. As used in this chapter, "viatical representative" means a person that offers or sells a viatical settlement purchase agreement.

SECTION 8. IC 27-8-19.8-4.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4.3. As used in this chapter, "viatical settlement agent" means a person that:

- (1) represents a viatical settlement provider; and
- (2) solicits, offers, or attempts to negotiate a viatical settlement contract with a viator.

SECTION 9. IC 27-8-19.8-4.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4.7. As used in this chapter, "viatical settlement intermediary" means the following:

- (1) A viatical settlement agent.
- (2) A viatical settlement broker.
- (3) A viatical representative.

SECTION 10. IC 27-8-19.8-6.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: **Sec. 6.3.** As used in this chapter, "viatical settlement purchase agreement" means an agreement through which a person other than a viatical settlement provider purchases or is assigned an interest in a:

- (1) viaticated policy; or
- (2) viatical settlement contract.

SECTION 11. IC 27-8-19.8-8.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8.5. In addition to the

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**licensure requirement specified in section 9(1) of this chapter,** the following must be licensed as an insurance producer with a life qualification under IC 27-1-15.6-7:

- (1) A viatical settlement broker.
- (2) A person who solicits, offers, or attempts to negotiate a viatical settlement contract with a viator. agent.

SECTION 12. IC 27-8-19.8-8.6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8.6. The following are exempt from the licensing requirement under IC 27-8-19.8-8.5: requirements of sections 8.5 and 9(1) of this chapter:

- (1) An accountant, an attorney, or a financial planner retained to represent the viator, and whose compensation is paid directly by or at the direction of the viator.
- (2) A regularly salaried officer or employee of a viatical settlement broker or viatical settlement provider, if the officer or employee's duties and responsibilities do not include the solicitation or negotiation of viatical settlement contracts.
- (3) The following persons, to the extent that the person is engaged in the administration or operation of a program of employee benefits for the person's employees or the employees of the person's subsidiaries or affiliates involving the use of viatical settlement contracts issued by a licensed viatical settlement provider, if the person is not in any manner directly or indirectly compensated by the viatical settlement provider:
  - (A) An employer.
  - (B) An officer or employee of an employer.
  - (C) A trustee of an employee trust plan.".

Page 12, delete lines 1 through 5.

Page 12, line 9, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 12, line 10, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 12, line 33, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 12, line 34, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 12, line 37, delete "broker must" and insert "intermediary must"

Page 12, line 37, delete "broker examination" and insert "intermediary examination".

Page 12, line 40, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 12, line 41, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 13, line 5, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 13, line 6, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 13, line 7, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 13, line 11, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

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Page 13, line 21, delete "broker." and insert "intermediary.".

Page 13, line 25, delete "broker." and insert "intermediary.".

Page 13, line 32, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 13, line 34, delete "broker license" and insert "**intermediary** license".

Page 13, line 34, delete "broker:" and insert "intermediary:".

Page 13, line 36, delete "broker's" and insert "intermediary's".

Page 14, line 40, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 14, line 42, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 1, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 14, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 15, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 16, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 18, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 20, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 21, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 26, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 30, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 32, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 37, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 38, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 15, line 40, delete "broker's" and insert "intermediary's".

Page 15, line 41, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 16, line 2, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 16, line 27, delete "broker's" and insert "intermediary's".

Page 16, line 33, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 16, line 34, delete "as a viatical settlement broker;" and insert "in the viatical settlement intermediary's capacity as a viatical settlement agent, viatical settlement broker, or viatical representative;".

Page 16, line 40, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 17, line 3, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 17, line 7, delete "broker" and insert "intermediary".

Page 17, delete lines 8 through 32, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 24. IC 27-8-19.8-24 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24. A viatical settlement provider shall obtain the following before entering into a viatical settlement contract:

(1) If the viator is the insured, a written statement from a licensed attending physician that the insured is of sound mind and under no constraint or undue influence.

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- (2) A document signed by the viator and witnessed by two (2) disinterested witnesses in which the viator does the following:
  - (A) Consents to the viatical settlement contract.
  - (B) If the insured has a catastrophic or life threatening illness or condition, acknowledges the catastrophic or life threatening illness or condition.
  - (C) Represents that the viator has a full and complete understanding of the viatical settlement contract.
  - (D) Represents that the viator has a full and complete understanding of the benefits of the life insurance policy.
  - (E) Acknowledges that the viator has entered into the viatical settlement contract freely and voluntarily.
  - (F) Discloses the identity of any person that served as a viatical settlement broker in connection with the viatical settlement contract.
- (3) A document in which the insured consents to the release of the insured's medical records.

SECTION 25. IC 27-8-19.8-24.9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24.9. (a) The viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker intermediary may contact the insured for the purpose of determining the health status of the insured not more than:

- (1) one (1) time every three (3) months for an insured with a life expectancy of more than one (1) year; or
- (2) one (1) time every month for an insured with a life expectancy of not more than one (1) year.
- (b) Contacts made with an insured under subsection (a) must be made by mail unless the parties agree to another method of contact.

SECTION 26. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005] (a) A viatical settlement intermediary shall comply with IC 27-8-19.8-9(1), as amended by this act, and IC 27-8-19.8-10.1, as added by this act, not later than December 31, 2006.

(b) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1646 as introduced.)

RIPLEY, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

C









#### **HOUSE MOTION**

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1646 be amended to read as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 26 with "[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]".

(Reference is to House Bill 1646 as printed February 9, 2005.)

**RIPLEY** 

#### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1646 be amended to read as follows:

Page 8, delete lines 32 through 42.

Delete pages 9 through 10.

Page 11, delete line 1.

(Reference is to HB 1646 as printed February 9, 2005.)

**RIPLEY** 

#### HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1646 be amended to read as follows:

Page 12, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert the following:

"SECTION 14. IC 27-8-19.8-9.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9.2. An insurance producer that:

- (1) is licensed under IC 27-1-15.6; and
- (2) sells a life insurance policy or contract that, less than two
- (2) years after the insurance producer sells the policy or contract, is the subject of a viatical settlement contract;

shall not accept a commission or other remuneration in connection with the viatical settlement contract.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

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(Reference is to HB 1646 as printed February 9, 2005.)

**RIPLEY** 





